

Learning Session 1

Thursday, December 7th 2017 Croatian Cultural Centre



Agenda

10 min	Opening Prayer
15 min	Welcome & Opening Remarks
15 min	Client Experience
30 min	Collaborative Progress
45 min	Hearing From Teams in Action!
15 min	Break
60 min	Learning the Model for Improvement: Testing Changes using PDSA Cycles
30 min	Storyboard Rounds
60 min	Lunch
60 min	Breakout Sessions
15 min	Break
60 min	Team Work
30 min	Offers & Requests
15 mins	Wrap-up & Next Steps
4:00 PM	Adjourn

Learning Session 1 Objectives

- Discuss the BOOST Collaborative progress to date
- Hear from teams who have made progress towards achieving their aims
- Describe key elements of Plan-Do-Study-Act cycles and the essential features of effective tests
- Identify next steps in improvement process following Learning Session 1
- Use other BOOST Collaborative teams as a resource



Learning Session 1 Objectives

- Describe key elements of the Change Package and generate ideas of how to begin testing changes in this area
- Explain key features of the measurement strategy and develop strategies for implementing the BOOST Collaborative measurement strategy
- Implement plan for Action Period 2



Welcoming Remarks

Mike Norbury

Medical Director, Primary Care Vancouver Coastal Health



Peer Advisor

Amber Romanowski

Peer Advisor, DTES Second Generation Strategy Vancouver Coastal Health



BOOST Collaborative Progress

Cole Stanley

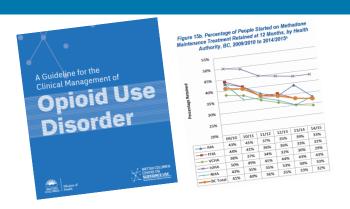
Medical Lead, Continuous Quality Improvement, Vancouver Coastal Health Family Physicians, Raven Song Community Health Clinic Family Physician, IDC

Laura Beamish

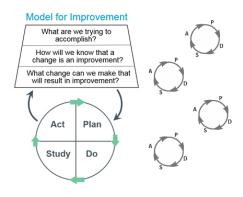
Quality Improvement Coordinator, BC Centre for Excellence in HIV/AIDS

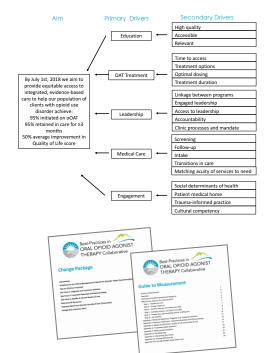


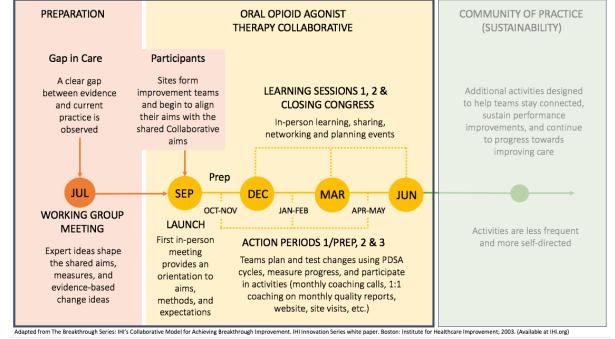
BOOST Collaborative





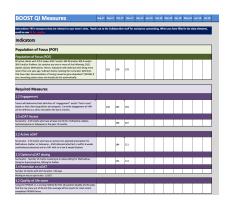






Action Period One

- Finalized aim statements
- Data clean-up
- A lot of changes!
- In-person coaching
- Two online Coaching Calls
- Two reporting cycles

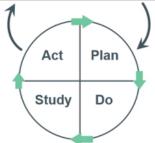


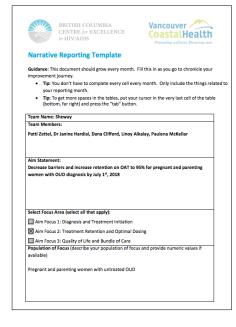
Model for Improvement

What are we trying to accomplish?

How will we know that a change is an improvement?

What change can we make that will result in improvement?







Some Preliminary Data...

OUD form

Goal: Use OUD form periodically for all clients with hx of OUD

THERAPY Collaborative

Prescription Creator				Visit Checklist	
		Last Entry1	Last Entry2		PLEASE PRINT
OAT	methadone 🔻	11 Sep 2017	11 Sep 2017	Pharmanet Reviewed	PERSONAL HEALTH NO. PRESCRIBING DATE
Daily dose (mg)	100	110 Qty: 770	100 Qty: 800	Any ORT missed doses in last 7 days? Yes No	12 Sep 2017
Start Day:	12 Sep 2017	19 Sep 2017	11 Sep 2017	If yes, describe:	PATIENT PHRST INTIAL LAST AMME GUY ASHMORE
Last Day:	18 Sep 2017	25 Sep 2017	18 Sep 2017	Current substance use reviewed	NAME GUY ASHIYORE
Rx Duration (days)	7				ADDRESS CITY PHUVINER DATE OF BRITTH
Carry Directions:	DWI	DWI	DWI		VANCOUVER BC 27 Apr 2000
Witnessed Ingestion:	7 (SEVEN) ▼			# ODs in the last 30 days? Last Value?	REI DRUG NAME METHADONE DUTTO THE PATIENTS DAY MORTH YE
Direction For Use				,	AND STRENGTH 10 mg/ml OIL/MRY IS REQUIRED. PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE
Direction For Use				Last date?	NUMERIC QUANTITY ALPHA
Copy From Last Entries				Linkage to social work/counselling discussed	700 mg SEVEN HUNDRED
				Last checked:	START DAY: 12 Sep 2017 LAST DAY: 18 Sep 2017
	Create Rx				GIRCLE ONE
	Create RX				mg/day DWI ≈ CARRIER > SPECTY FLAMMER OF WITH MISSELD INSECTION IN PRABMACY MISSELD ALPHA MARKETO ALPHA
reatment course					DIRECTIONS FOR USE METHADONE 7 (SEVEN) ▼
Treatment sta	ge Stable dose	▼		Has THN kit	POR USE PRESCRIBERS SOUNTURE
OAT initiation dat	te 06 Sep 2016			Has THN training Last checked:	
ost recent OAT start da	te 12 Apr 2017			Has access to harm reduction supplies Last checked:	
		1		Aware of supervised consumption sites Last checked:	PRESCRIBERTS INFORMATION CPSID
Stable dose dat	te 12 Sep 2017			Last score	07515
OAT duration	on 153			PROMIS Quality of Life First score	
			Rapid UDS Results Cur	nulative ViewLast UDS Results at 11 Sep 2017—	FOLIO
act Lab Bosults					PHARMACY USE ONLY
	und		Cocaine: Positive	e 🔘 Negative	RECEIVED BY: PATIENT OR AGENT SIGNATURE SIGNATURE OF DISPERSING PHAPMACIST
ast Lab Results AST: No Result Fo ALT: No Result Fo					PECENTER STANDARD CONTROL CONT
AST: No Result Fo			Amphetamines: Positive	e Negative	
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AST: No Result Fo ALT: No Result Fo ep A IgG HCV RNA			Amphetamines: Positive Methadone: Positive Opioids: Positive	e Negative e Negative e Negative Positive	PHARMACY COPY-COPYING OR DUPLICATING THIS FORM IN ANY WAY CONSTITUTES AN OFF PRESS HARD YOU ARE MAKING 2 COPIES
AST: No Result Fo ALT: No Result Fo ep A IgG HCV RNA ep B SAb:			Amphetamines: Positive Methadone: Positive Opioids: Positive Oxycodone: Positive	e Negative e Negative e Negative e Negative positive e Negative	PHARMACY COPY - COPYING OR DUPLICATING THIS FORM IN ANY WAY CONSTITUTES AN OFF
AST: No Result Fo			Amphetamines: Positiv. Methadone: Positiv. Opioids: Positiv. Oxycodone: Positiv. Benzodiazepines: Positiv.	e Negative e Negative e Negative e Negative positive e Negative	PHARMACY COPY-COPYING OR DUPLICATING THIS FORM IN ANY WAY CONSTITUTES AN OFF PRESS HARD YOU ARE MAKING 2 COPIES
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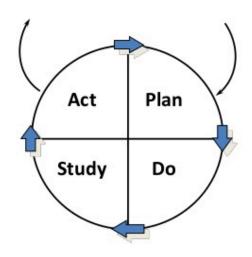
OUD orm for measuring Outcomes

OUD Visit Template for TEST, CABLE Collaborative-level Measures Save and Close 304.0 Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) added to Problem List (click on checkbox to add) DSM-5 OUD criteria Visit Checklist Last Entry2 20 Oct 2017 Last Entry1 02 Dec 2017 **Engagement** Pharmanet Reviewed Methadone Methadone Any ORT missed doses in last 7 days? Yes No Daily dose (mg) 100 Qty: 1100 Qty: 210 If yes, describe: Start Day: 02 Dec 2017 20 Oct 2017 oOAT access Last Day: 12 Dec 2017 26 Oct 2017 Rx Duration (days) 11 (days) Carry Directions: O DWI CARRIES Active oOAT Witnessed Ingestion: Last Checked: 02 Dec 2017 cocaine, heroin, benzo Copy From Last Entries Optimal oOAT dosing # ODs in the last 30 days? Last Value 0; (02 Dec 2017) Treatment stage Linkage to social work/counselling discussed Retention on oOAT Create Rx Last checked: 28 Sep 2017 First ever OAT initiation date 28 Sep 2007 Quality of Life score Most recent OAT start date 20 Oct 2017 Last Verified Date - Verified Today? OAT duration 43 ▼ Has THN training ▼ Has access to harm reduction supplies 20 Oct 2017 ▼ Aware of supervised consumption sites 20 Oct 2017 PROMIS Quality of Life Last Lab Results Rapid UDS Results Cumulative View AST: No Result Found O Positive Negative Positive Treatment course Amphetamines: Positive Negative Positive Negative Opinids: Positive Negative Positive 28 Sep 2007 First ever OAT initiation date Benzodiazepines: Positive Negative Positive Positive Negative Negative Buprenorphine: Positive Negative Most recent OAT start date 20 Oct 2017 Hydromorphone: Positive Negative Positive HIV Ab: Urine beta-HCG OAT duration 43

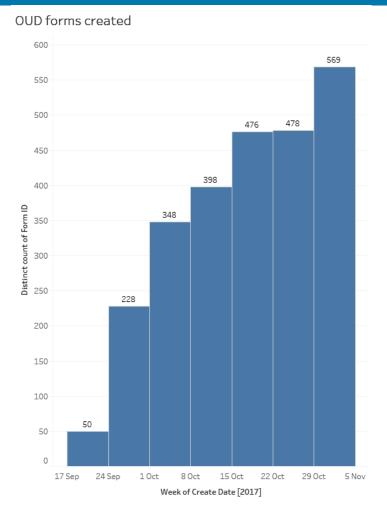


OUD form

OUD form PDSAs



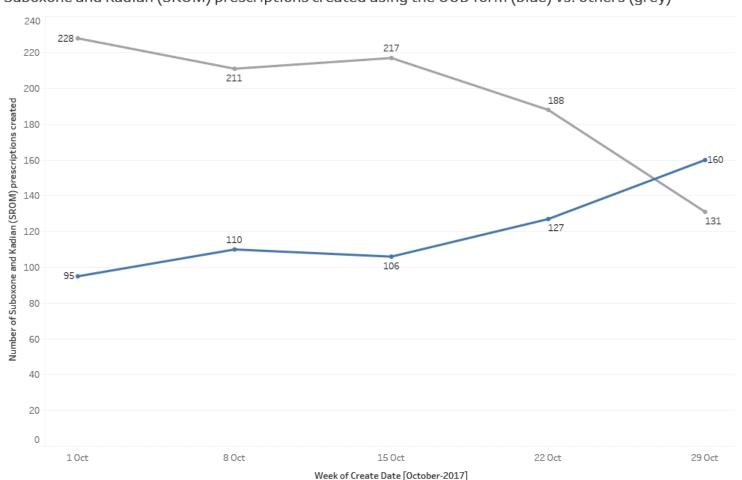
Has been used over 3000 times in just over a month





OUD form

Suboxone and Kadian (SROM) prescriptions created using the OUD form (blue) vs. others (grey)

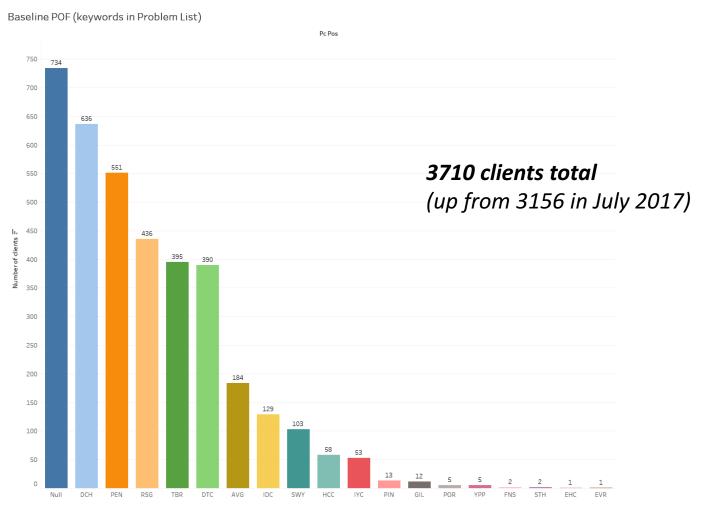


Created with OUD form (IN), without OUD form (OUT)



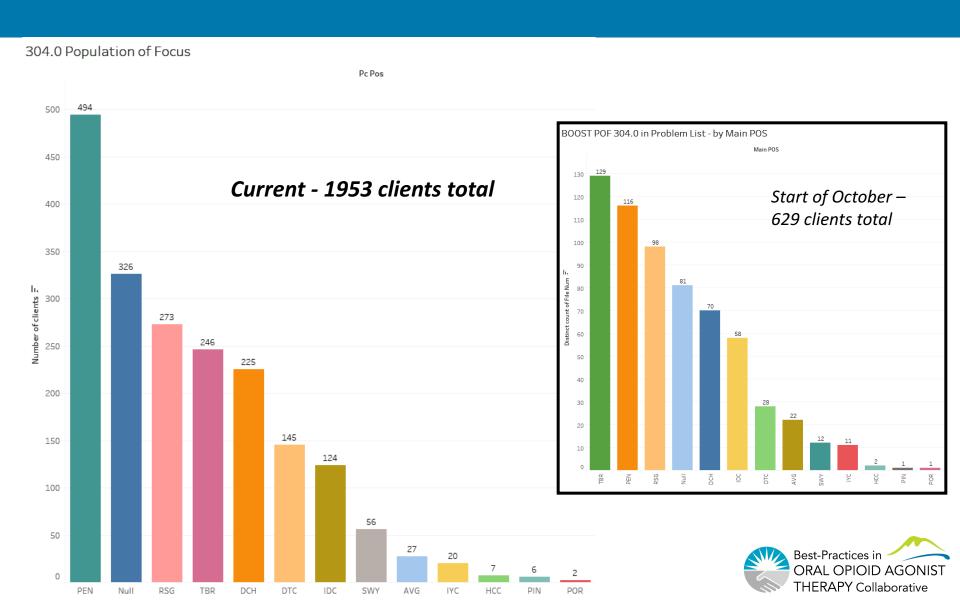


Population of focus





Population of focus

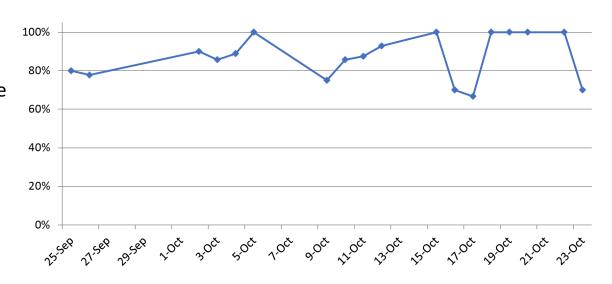


Example from a pair of teams

- IDC and Raven Song Proactive follow-up for expiring Rx
 - Reminder list of patients due for MMT renewal generated daily and reminder calls made 1 day prior or liaise/task STOP team member on care team

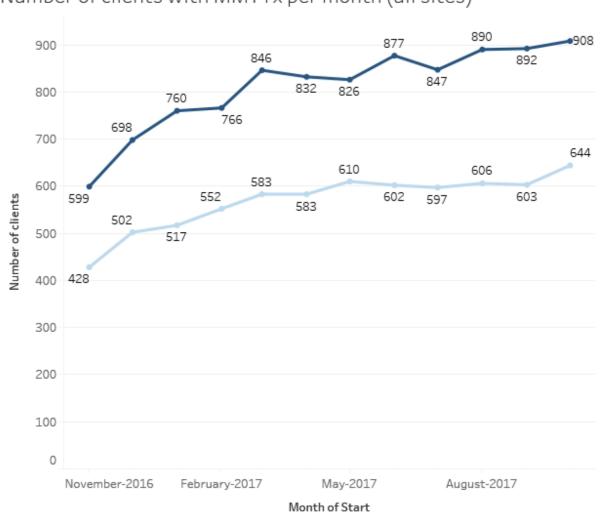
PDSA-level measures

- Proportion of clients who attended clinic when rx due
- Number of phone calls made
- Number calls answered
- Time taken to do the work







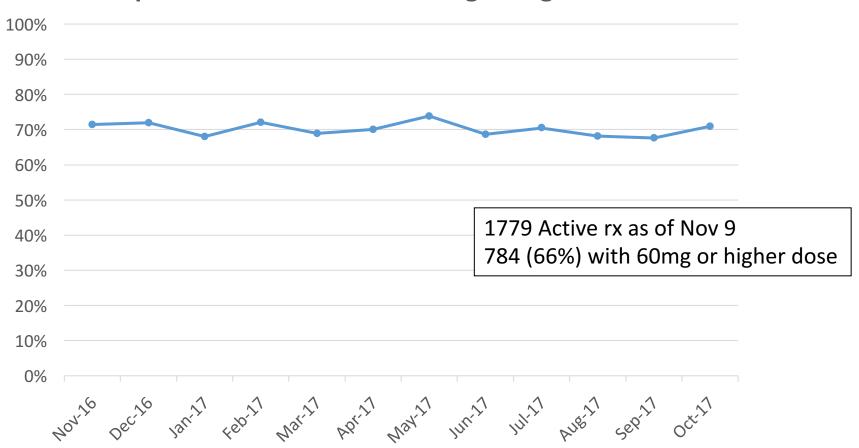


- all rx

- on 60mg or higher



Proportion on methadone 60mg or higher dose





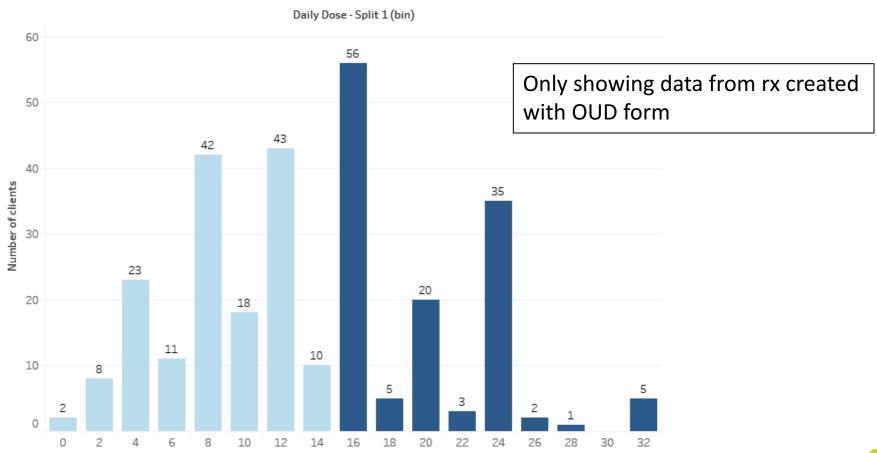
		PLEASE	PRINT		
PERSON	AL HEALTH NO.			PRESCRIBIN	G DATE
				12 Sep 2017	
	FIRST	INITIA	L	LAST	
PATIENT NAME	GUY ASHMORE				
	STREET				
ADDRESS-	2119 GUELPH ST				
Modificoo	VANCOLIVED	PHOVE		DATE OF S	BIRTH
	VANCOUVER		BC	27 Apr 2000	YEAR
	AME METHADONE 0TH 10 mg/ml	DUE TO THE PAT IMMOBILITY, LOD DELIVERY IS REC	SHALL	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE	
NUMERIC	QUANTITY	ALPHA			
	700 mg			SEVEN HUNDRED) m
START	12 Sep 2017	CIRCLE ONE DI CARR	INGESTION IN	MEER OF DAYS PER WEEK OF WE PHARMACY	TNESSED
<	100 mg/day	DINGLE ONE DIN on CARR	SPECIFY NUM INGESTION IN	MER OF DAYS PER WEEK OF WIT	TNESSED
DIRECTION	100 mg/day	CARA	SPECIFY NUM INGESTION IN	GER OF DAYS PER WEEK OF WE PHARMACY ALPHA (SEVEN) ▼	TNESSED
DIRECTION FOR USE	100 mg/day	CARA	SPECIFY NUM INGGETION B MURRICIPO 7	GER OF DAYS PER WEEK OF WE PHARMACY ALPHA (SEVEN) ▼	TNESSED
DIRECTION FOR USE	100 mg/day	CARA	SPECIFY NUM INGGETION B MURRICIPO 7	ERRO FEATS PER WEEK OF WE PHARMACY (SEVEN) WHEN SHAMMURE CPSID	TNesseD
DIRECTION FOR USE	100 mg/day	CHARLE ONE DI SI CARRI SI SI SI	SPECIFY NUMBER OF THE SECTION IS NUMBER OF THE SECTION IS NUMBER OF THE SECTION IS NOT TH	ERRO FEATS PER WEEK OF WE PHARMACY (SEVEN) WHEN SHAMMURE CPSID	TNESSED

Methadone form has a standard Daily dose field, whereas the duplicate forms used for Suboxone and Kadian do NOT

Solution – use the OUD form and enter daily dose there



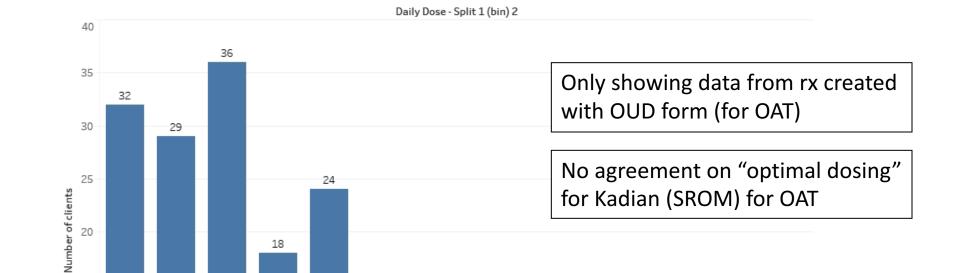
Suboxone dosing





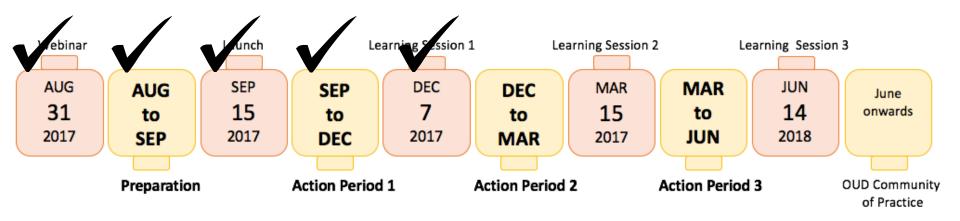
Kadian dosing

THERAPY Collaborative



Action Period Two

- Continue tests of change with a focus on PDSA level measures
- In-person practice support- sign-up today!
- Online coaching calls
- Three reporting cycles
- Assessment scale

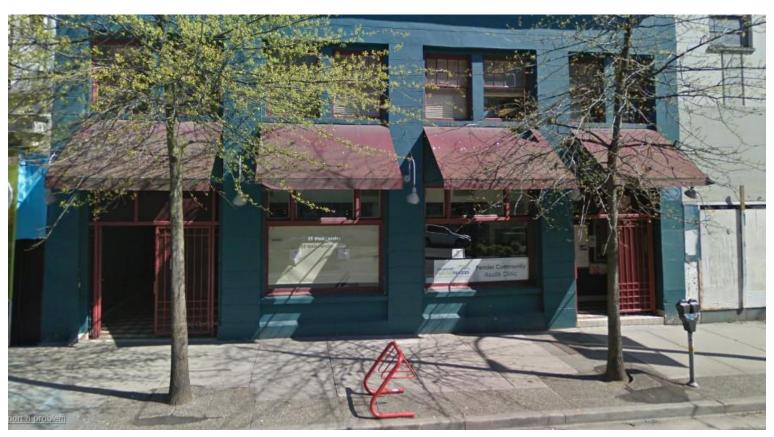


Hearing from Teams in Action!

Vancouver Native Health
Pender Community Health Centre
Overdose Outreach Team



Pender CHC BOOST Team – 2017





PENDER CHC – BOOST Collaborative Team

Cathy Bennett, RN – Clinic Coordinator
Yandi Kwa, Nurse Practitioner
Dr. Kristin Prabhakar
Karen St. Clair, Clerical Support Clerk
Lynda Thorson, RN – Clinic Coordinator
Alexandra Vause, RN



PDSA #1 – Developing a Robust OUD Registry

PLAN

 Ran stored EMR query from the EMR QI environment BOOST POF Baseline (eliminating ALL duplicated patients)

DO

- There were 494 TOTAL patients with OUD on the Pender CHC BOOST POF Baseline Registry
- Most patients were captured on the stored EMR query based on keywords, e.g. heroin, opiates or via ICD-9 code 304.01 Methadone Program or 304.02 code Suboxone Treatment (virtually 0% of patients with OUD had been coded with the IC9-code 304.0 Opiate Use Disorder)
- Over several weeks, data clean-up was completed and ICD-9 code 304.0 updated (1 patient at a time with EMR/ Pharmanet review)



PDSA #1 – Developing a Robust OUD Registry

STUDY/ ACT

- There were 494 TOTAL patients with OUD on the Pender CHC BOOST POF Baseline Registry
 - 338 patients with OUD were "Active", e.g. seen in last 9/12 for oOAT and/or primary care
 - 111 patients with OUD were "Inactive", e.g. MOGE or NOT seen at all in recent 9 months
 - 23 patients with OUD were "Active for primary care ONLY"
 - 1 patient deceased
 - 7 patients had H/O OUD, chronically abstinent and NOT on oOAT currently
 - 14 patients did NOT have OUD



PDSA #4 – How to Interpret OUD – Active Registry

PLAN

- REVIEW and FURTHER SUB-DIVIDE Pender CHC OUD Active Registry (as appropriate)
- As you recall, there were 338 TOTAL patients on Pender CHC OUD Active Registry

DO

UPON FURTHER REVIEW -

- 239 patients were "Active Engaged" on oOAT at Pender CHC
- 99 patients were "Active Gaps in Care"



PDSA #4 – How to Interpret OUD – Active Registry

STUDY

- From the 99 patients who were "Active Gaps in Care":
 - 62 patients had oOAT within the last 9 months with ≥ 2 visits but do
 NOT have active Rx
 - 18 patients were "Lost to F/UP", e.g. ONLY 1 visit in recent 9/12 to Pender CHC
 - 10 patients DECLINED oOAT
 - 9 patients required clarification, e.g. H/O OPI abuse vs. OUD RESULTS (11/2017)
 - ~ 1 patient had OUD (followed by alternate POS)
 - ~ 4 patients had H/O OPI abuse
 - ~ 4 patients no longer use OPI in sustained remission > 12-months



Vancouver Native Health Medical Clinic BOOST Collaborative Team

Team Members

Doctors	Residents	Nurses	Support Staff
Dr. Glen Bowlsby	Dr. Scott Hodgson	Greta Pauls (L)	Amir Wachtel
Dr. David Tu	Dr. Lauren Taylor	Krista Townsend	Cherry Tria
Dr. Piotr Klakowicz (L)			Daniel Raff
Dr. Aida Sadr			Tina Braun

Brief Description:

- Located in DTES
- ~ 2000 active clients
- 2/3 identify as Indigenous persons



Aim Statement

- To evolve the system of care for active VNHS registered clients with OUD so that there are significant improvements in :
 - OUD diagnosis
 - OAT initiation
 - OAT retention
 - more positive client impacts
 - a decrease in illicit opiate poisonings and deaths



Aim Statement

- What are you trying to accomplish?
 - 90% of active VNH clients assessed for OUD and entered into the OUD registry
 - 90% of active OUD clients be initiated on OAT
 - 90% of clients receiving OAT achieve clinical remission within 6 months of initiating treatment
 - 90% of quarterly client narratives suggest positive impacts related to
 SUD care



Change #1 Tested

- What small tests of change have you tried?
 - Updating OUD Registry

- What were you measuring?
 - Determining our POF → active VNHS clients with OUD

- Analysis:
 - 279 Active VNH clients with OUD

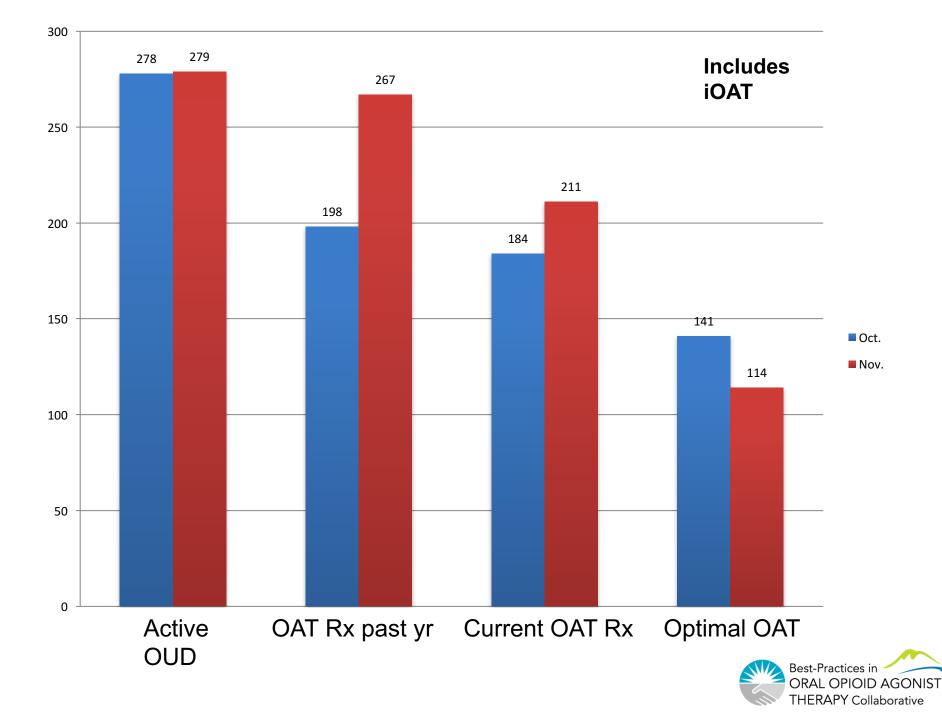


Change #2 Tested

- What small tests of change have you tried?
 - Updating OUD Measurements

- What were you measuring?
 - Induction OAT date and current OAT dose
 - Effectiveness of the OUD Measurements sheet → Different EMR





Change #3 Tested

- What small tests of change have you tried?
 - Capturing Client Voice
- What were you measuring?
 - OAT client impact
 - Barriers to Care
 - Recommendations
- Analysis:
 - Overall positive response → decreased illicit opiate use
 - Common Criticisms included:
 - Restricted lifestyle
 - Adverse health affects



Vancouver Native Health Survey for OAT Clients

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Patient Information				
Age				
Sex				
First Nations				

- When did you start opioid replacement therapy; suboxone, methadone, kadian?
- 2. What are some positive effects that the treatment has had on your life?
- Are there any negative effects the treatment has had on your life?
- 4. Are you able to access staff (e.g. Front staff, nurse, doctor, counselor, etc.) when needed to have your questions answered?
- Are your questions answered in a way you can understand?
- Do you feel your concerns are addressed?
- Did you feel involved in the development of your treatment plan?
- 8. What treatment options were you offered?
- Is there someone you would identify as your primary contact/healthcare provider?
- 10. Do you have any recommendations to improve the program? For the front desk, for the nurse, or for the Doctor?

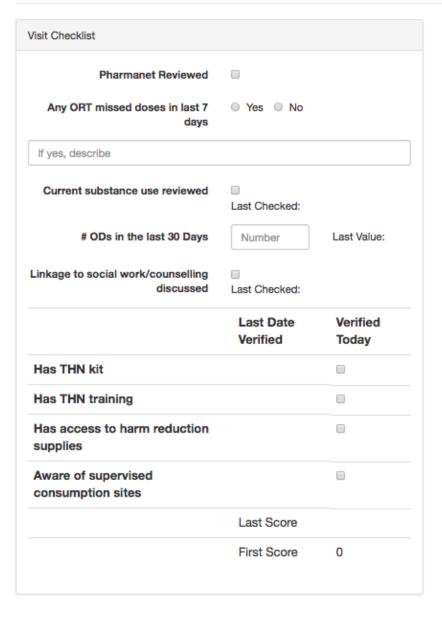
Looking forward...

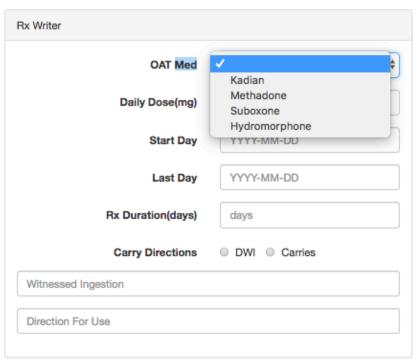
What is next?

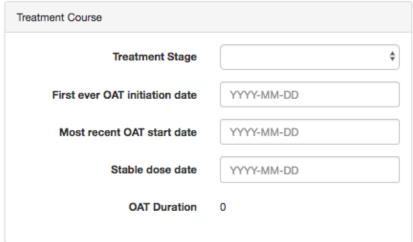
- 1. Preventing loss-to-follow-up
- 2. Optimize prescription and tracking data



Opioid Use Form







Contact Information

Contact Info.:

- Greta Pauls → gretapauls@gmail.com
- Piotr Klakowicz → piotr.klakowicz@gmail.com
- Amir Wachtel → <u>amir.wachtel94@gmail.com</u>





Overdose Outreach Team

Chris Dickinson, Erin Isnor, Robyn Putnam, Skye Ruttle, Jesse Hilburt

December 2017



Background



- Outreach Workers originally part of the Mobile Medical Unit to provide client follow-up (Dec. 2016 Apr. 2017)
- Standalone team as of May 2017



Overdose Outreach Team

Our Purpose:

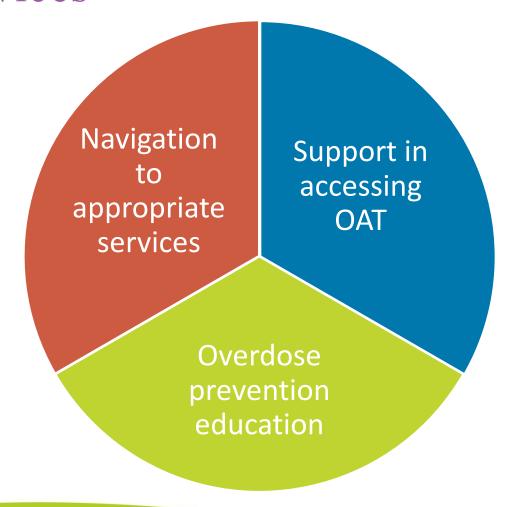
To provide support/assistance to individuals and families attempting to navigate substance use services in Vancouver Coastal Health region (Vancouver, Richmond, North Shore)

Who We Serve:

People in VCH region who have recently experienced an overdose or at high risk of an overdose. Our goal is to connect with individuals who are **not well connected elsewhere in the community**



Our Services





Location

Currently located at 58 W. Hastings in the Hastings Urban Farm





Making a Referral

Contact number: (604) 360 2874

Hours: Mon-Fri 9am – 5pm; after hours line shared by STOP and OOT (answered until 9pm)

Provide client details:

- Name
- DOB
- PARIS ID or PHN
- Reason for referral
- Best way to contact client



Steps to Locate a Client

- Review electronic medical records
- Attempt to contact person via phone/text
- Leave messages at resources/community services
- Leave name and contact information with friends/family
- Contact clinics not using VCH systems
- Send letter to last known address



Client Profile #1

Client referred by SPH ED following an overdose

Contact Attempts

- Team outreached client at address listed in EMR (SRO)
- Staff stated that client "frequently overdoses" but does not live at building, visits friend in building
- Not connected to any other services in community
- Team left message for friend
- Friend passed along message to client
- Client returned phone call

Support Provided

- Client currently staying at a recovery house in Surrey
- Homeless, bouncing between recovery houses and DTES
- Prescribed suboxone by private clinic
- Considering leaving recovery house and returning to DTES
- Requested assistance connecting to clinical care when he returns to the DTES



Client Profile #2

Client referred by SPH ED following an overdose

Contact Attempts

- Contact information listed in EMR not active/correct
- Not connected to any other services in community
- High frequency of ED visits, Familiar Faces/DMP plan put in place (15 visits related to overdose/substance misuse)
- CSO showed future court date
- Called Provincial Court Line for court dates/locations, connected with lawyer

Support Provided

- Team contacted by SPH staff when client presented at ED (pre-incarceration and post-incarceration)
- Attended court with client's lawyer
- Lawyer passed information along to client post-release
- Familiar Faces remains active
- Will continue to attempt to connect with client



Client Profile #3

Client referred by clinic in DTES

Contact Attempts

- Client NFA, severe cellulitis, recent overdose
- Admitted to hospital, team met client in hospital, left AMA
- Team left message with SPH ED
- Client presented to ED outside team hours, message left for team on after hours phone
- Client left AMA again
- Team obtained pharmacy information from clinic, left message, client returned call

Support Provided

- Connected client to shelter in DTES
- Completed BC Housing application and Housing First application, on waitlist for supportive building
- In the process of applying for Income Assistance
- Re-engaged him in care at clinic
- Provided support in getting to pharmacy for OAT
- Supported transition to iOAT



We see you...

- Acknowledging the experience
- Speaking directly to the client
- Expressing empathy and compassion
- Managing expectations
- Putting yourself in the client's shoes
- Building relationships
- Providing snacks, water, coffee, clean/dry socks







Closing

If you have a question about a client and/or are unsure if someone is a good fit for the team, please call! We are happy to answer questions, brainstorm potential resources and discuss outreach strategies!

Main number: 604-360-2874



Questions ?



Break

Please return at 10:30AM



Model for Improvement: Testing Changes Using PDSA Cycles

Thursday, December 7th, 2017
Cole Stanley, Medical Lead, BOOST Collaborative
Danielle Cousineau, Quality Improvement Advisor

Outline

The Model for Improvement

PDSA-level vs. Collaborative-level measures

How to run PDSA cycles

Examples of PDSA cycles in practice



Objectives

You will be able to:

- Explain the difference between PDSA-level and Collaborativelevel measures
- Use the Model for Improvement to rapidly test changes
- Understand the Collaborative Assessment Scoring Tool and how your team should progress over the coming months



Our first Action Period



Teams testing changes (PDSA-level measures)



Site-specific aims



Collaborative aims (Collaborative-level measures)

Collaborative-level Measures

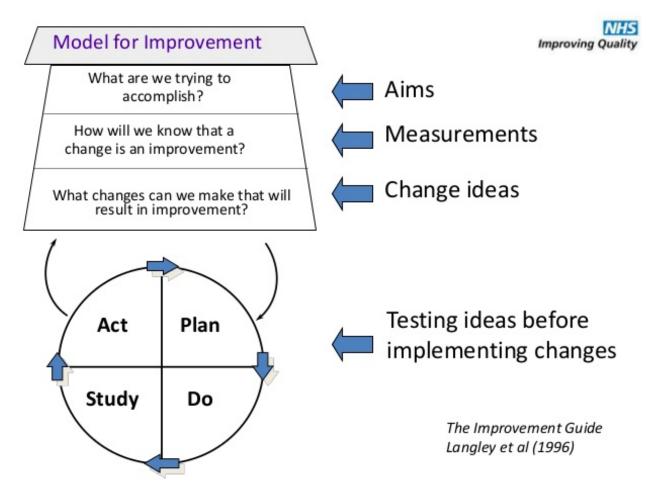
- Engagement
- oOAT access
- Active oOAT
- Optimal oOAT dosing
- Retention on oOAT
- Quality of Life score



Collaborative outcomes



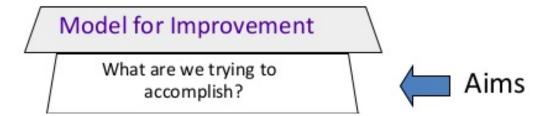
The Model for Improvement





The Model for Improvement - AIM

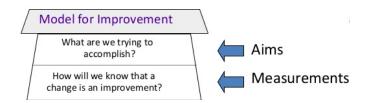
Teams have been working to refine their aim statements to fit within the Collaborative aim





PDSA level measures

- Measurements that your team uses to evaluate changes you are testing
- More specific than the <u>Collaborative-level measures (next slide)</u>
- No need to measure these for the entire Collaborative in most cases
- Outcome measures
 - What are you trying to achieve with your change idea?
- Process measures:
 - Are you doing the right things to get there?
- Balancing measures:
 - Are your changes causing problems to other parts of the system?

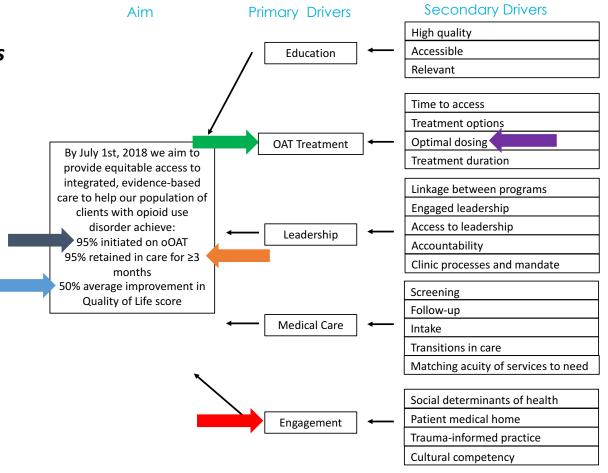




BOOST Driver Diagram – Measuring Outcomes

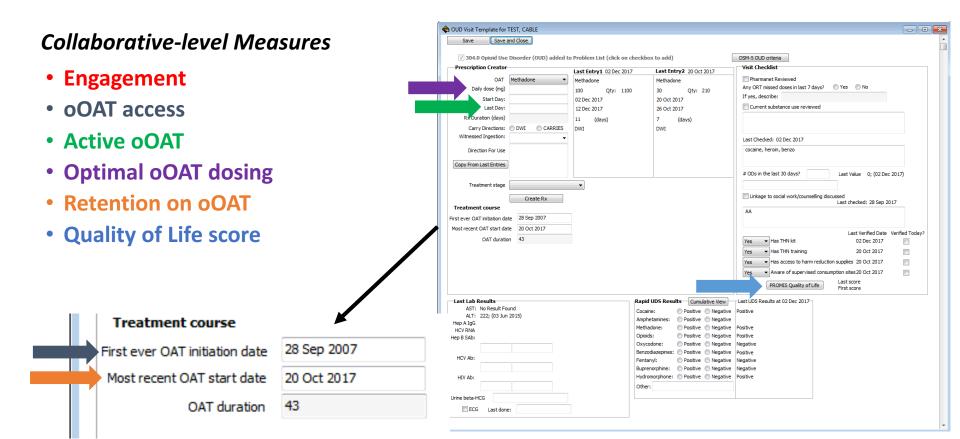
Collaborative-level Measures

- Engagement
- oOAT access
- Active oOAT
- Optimal oOAT dosing
- Retention on oOAT
- Quality of Life score





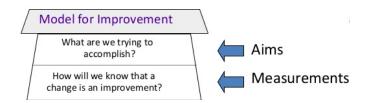
OUD Form for measuring Outcomes





PDSA-level measures

- Measurements that your team uses to evaluate changes you are testing
- More specific than the Collaborative-level measures
- No need to measure these for the entire Collaborative in most cases
- Outcome measures
 - What are you trying to achieve with your change idea?
- Process measures:
 - Are you doing the right things to get there?
- Balancing measures:
 - Are your changes causing problems to other parts of the system?





A Balancing Measure

















Best-Practices in

ORAL OPIOID AGONIST THERAPY Collaborative

Aim: To decrease amount of time we spend dealing with pointy-haired boss

Balancing measure - Boss' wasted time

Collaborative-level measures

- Do not need to be using collaborative measures to evaluate tests of change
 - Changes being tested should eventually lead to improved Collaborative-level outcomes though

Collaborative-level Measures

- Engagement
- oOAT access
- Active oOAT
- Optimal oOAT dosing
- Retention on oOAT
- Quality of Life score
- Next reporting cycle: Collaborative Assessment Scale





Collaborative Assessment Scale

♣ Assessment Scale for Collaboratives

This scale gives information on how to assess a team's progress throughout a Collaborative Improvement Project.

This tool contains:

Collaborative Assessment Scale



Assessment Scale for Collaboratives

Assessment/Description	Definition
1.0 Forming team	Team has been formed; target population identified; aim determined and baseline measurement begun.
1.5 Planning for the project has begun	Team is meeting, discussion is occurring. Plans for the project have been made.
2.0 Activity, but no changes	Team actively engaged in development, research, discussion but no changes have been tested.
2.5 Changes tested, but no improvement	Components of the model being tested but no improvement in measures. Data on key measures are reported.
3.0 Modest improvement	Initial test cycles have been completed and implementation begun for several components. Evidence of moderate

The Model for Improvement – CHANGE IDEAS

- Remember your resources for change ideas:
 - Change package
 - Listserv



Change Package

Introduction			
Guidelines for the Clinical Management of Opioid Use Disorder: Major Recommendations			
Key Points in Treating Opioid Use Disorder			
Aim Focus 1: Diagnosis and Treatment Initiation			
Screening and Diagnosis			
Aim Focus 2: Treatment Retention and Optimal Dosing			
Aim Focus 3: Quality of Life and Bundle of Care	1		
References & Resources	1		

/	Model for Improvement		
	What are we trying to accomplish?	Aims	
/	How will we know that a change is an improvement?	Measuremen	t
ľ	What changes can we make that will	Change ideas	

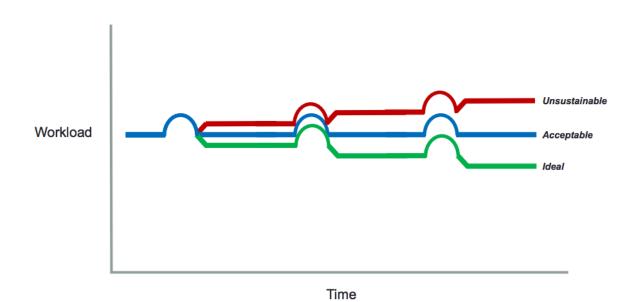


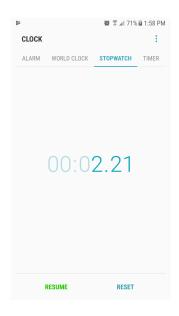
OUD form and Highly Adoptable QI

Highly adoptable QI

http://www.highlyadoptableqi.com/

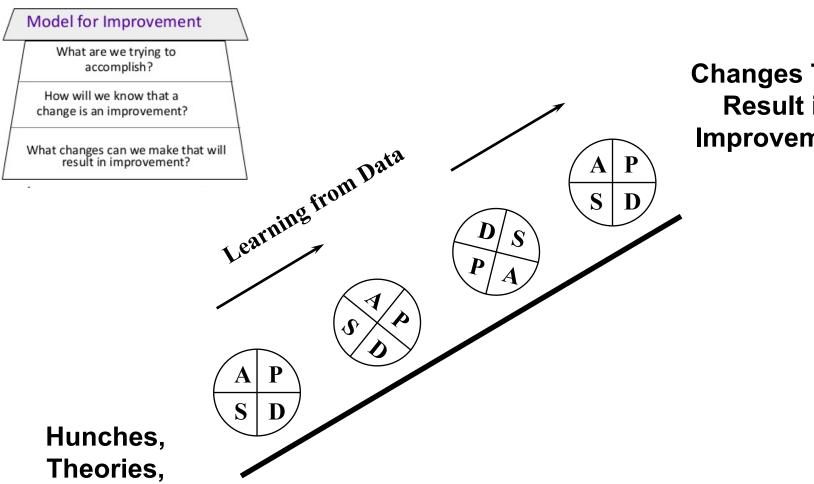
Cumulative Impact of Change







Repeated Use of the Cycle



Changes That Result in **Improvement**

Ideas



Principles of Testing a Change

1. Build knowledge sequentially

- Test on a small scale
- Use multiple cycles

2. Increase the ability to predict from the results of the test

- Collect data over time during the test
- Test over a wide range of conditions



Successful Cycles to Test Changes

- Plan multiple cycles for a test of a change
- Think a couple of cycles ahead
- Scale down size of test (# of patients, length)
- Test with volunteers



Decrease Timeframe for PDSA Cycles

- Years
- Quarters
- Months
- Weeks
- Days
- Hours
- Minutes

Drop down next "two levels" to plan Test Cycle!



Successful Cycles to Test Changes

- •Do not try to get buy-in, consensus, etc.
- Be innovative to make the test feasible

- Collect useful data during each test
- Test over a wide range of conditions



Testing vs Implementation

- Testing Trying and adapting existing knowledge on small scale. Learning what works in your system.
- Implementation Making this change a part of the dayto-day operation of the system
 - On the pilot team/with pilot population
 - Not after just one test!
- Spread: Taking the change beyond the pilot team/pop
 - Other parts of organization
 - Hospitals, clinics, services, units
 - From people with OUD to people with Depression



Failed Tests...now what?

Reasons for failed tests:

- 1. Change not executed well
- 2. Support processes inadequate
- 3. Hypothesis/hunch wrong:
 - Change executed but did not result in local improvement
 - Local improvement did not impact global measures

Collect data during the **Do step of the Cycle to help differentiate these situations.**



- Test of change
 - Remember to start small (one test, one patient, one provider)
- Describe your test
 - Who is responsible?
 - When is it to be done?
 - Where is it to be done?
- Predictions what do you expect to happen/learn?
- Data collection plan
 - What are your outcome, process, balancing measures
 - What data will you need to collect and how will you do this (who? when?)
 - What qualitative data will you collect
 - How will you analyze the data and share findings?

Best-Practices in ORAL OPIOID AGONIST THERAPY Collaborative

PDSA Cycle - DO

Observations

- Record any adjustments, both intentional and unintentional, to the stated plan
- Record data outlined in the plan



http://www.ihi.org/education/IHIOpenSchool/resources/Assets/PDSA_Worksheet(long).pdf



PDSA Cycle - STUDY

- Complete your analysis by comparing your predictions to your findings
 - Predictions
 - Learnings
- Did the change lead to improvement? Why or why not?



PDSA Cycle - ACT

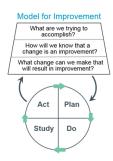
 Based on what you learned, what will you do differently in your next cycle?



Our first Action Period



Teams testing changes (PDSA-level measures)



Site-specific aims



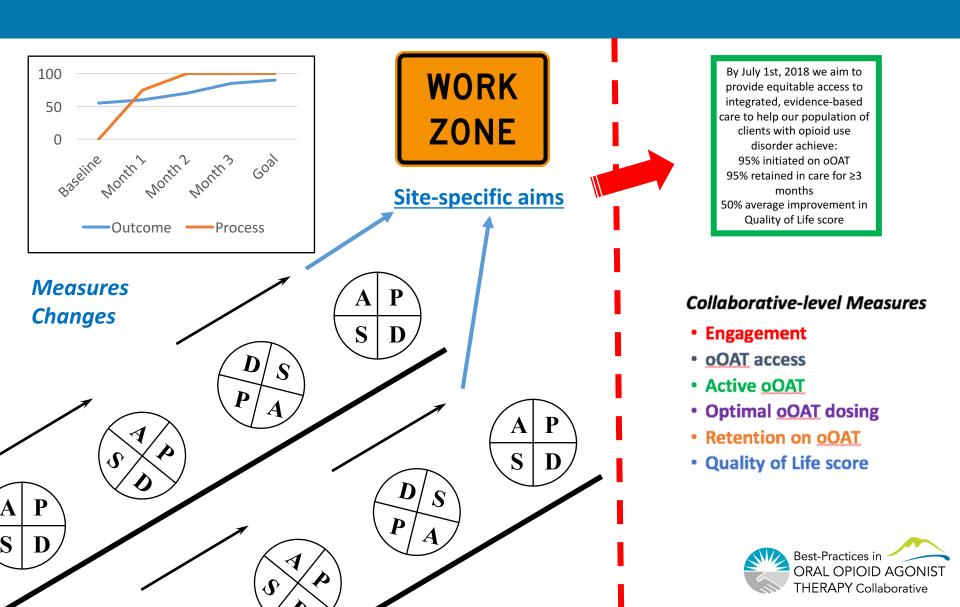
Collaborative aims (Collaborative-level measures)



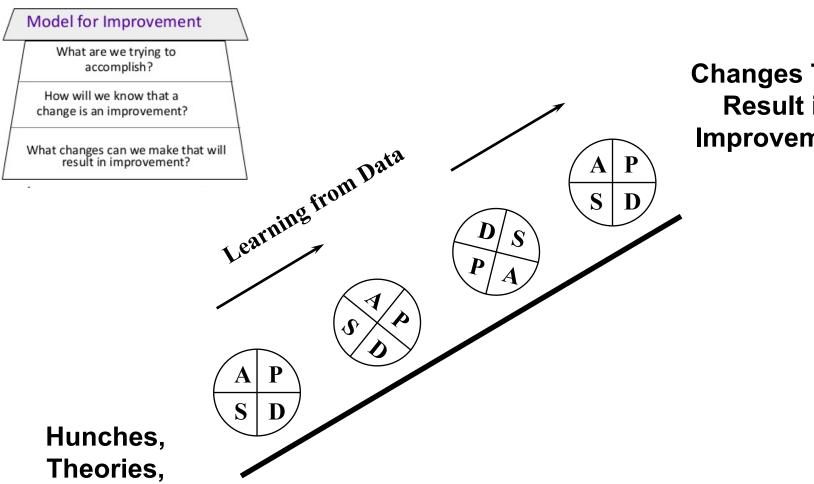
Collaborative outcomes



From PDSA to Collaborative Outcome



Repeated Use of the Cycle



Changes That Result in **Improvement**

Ideas



• "Try to reduce number of missed doses"



- "Try to reduce number of missed doses"
- Change Idea: Have LPN review all missed dose faxes for day and attempt to contact client to facilitate not missing a subsequent dose
- Aim: On December 12, for OUD clients, reduce the number of clients who miss two doses in a row after receiving a missed dose fax on December 11, 2017



PDSA-level measures

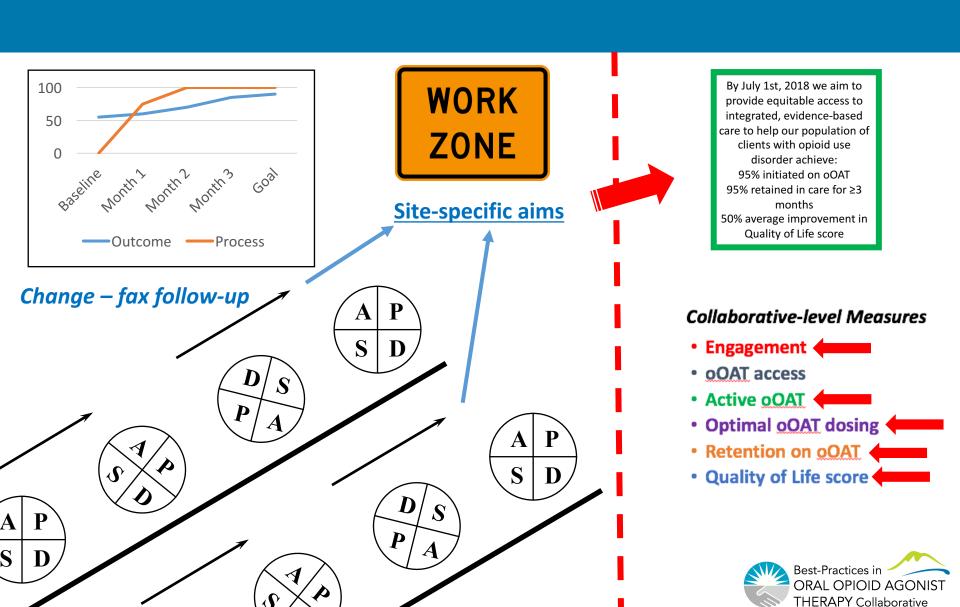
- Outcome measures
 - What are you trying to achieve with your change idea?
- Process measures:
 - Are you doing the right things to get there?
- Balancing measures:
 - Are your changes causing problems to other parts of the system?



- "Try to reduce number of missed doses"
- Change Idea: Have LPN review all missed dose faxes for day and attempt to contact client to facilitate not missing a subsequent dose
- **Aim**: On December 12, for OUD clients, reduce the number of clients who miss two doses in a row after receiving a missed dose fax on December 11, 2017
- Measurement:
 - Outcome proportion of clients who miss two doses as of Dec 12
 - Balancing time taken for staff to do this work
 - Process # clients where contact is attempted, # clients reached, #faxes (re: first missed dose) received on Dec 11
- Prediction: 90% of clients reached will not miss a second dose

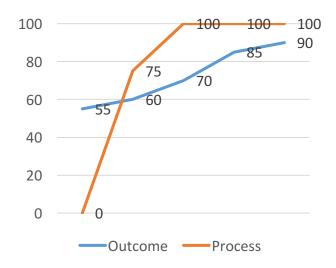


From PDSA to Collaborative Outcome



PDSA Cycle #1 - DO

- Carry out the planned test of change
- Record any adjustments, both intentional and unintentional, to the stated plan
- Record data outlined in the plan





PDSA Cycle #1- STUDY

What did we learn:

- Process
 - Received 5 faxes on December 11th for clients with 1 missed dose
 - LPN attempted to contact 4 out of 5 clients
 - LPN successfully contacted 3 clients
 - No information on how to contact 5th client available
- Outcome
 - All 3 clients successfully contacted did not miss dose on December 12th
- Balancing
 - LPN spent 30 minutes attempting to contact clients
- Other Learnings:
 - Contact information not available or up to date for all clients
 - LPN unaware we could contact pharmacy for client contact information
 - LPN suspects there we more clients with missed doses on December 11th than the number of faxes received



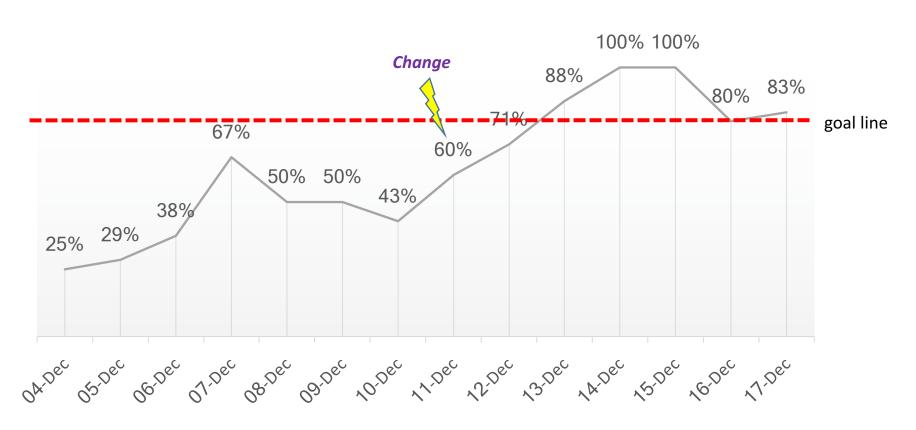
PDSA Cycle #1 - ACT

- PDSA seemed to work lets expand the scale of the test to 1 week (PDSA cycle #2)
- New PSDA's
 - Contact information (PDSA cycle #4)
 - Missed doses having corresponding fax (PDSA cycle #3)



PDSA Cycle #2 - ACT

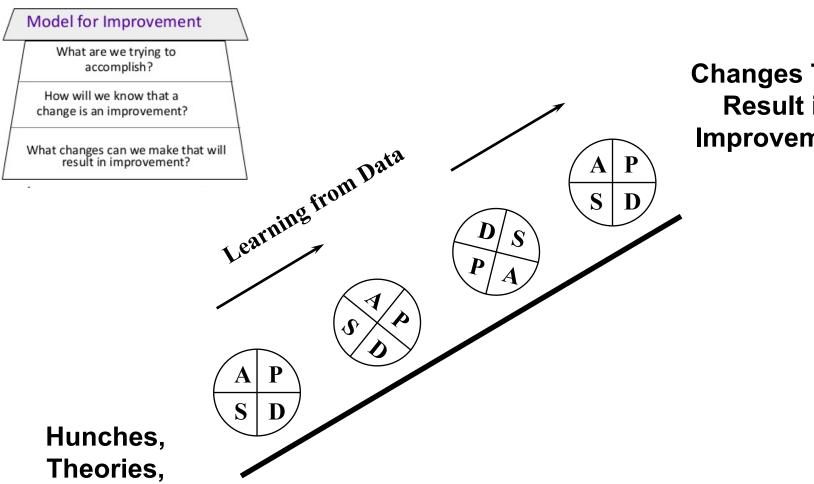
Run Chart



—Proportion who didn't miss second dose



Repeated Use of the Cycle



Changes That Result in **Improvement**

Ideas



• "Why aren't we getting faxes for all the missed doses?"



- "Why aren't we getting faxes for all the missed doses?"
- Change Idea: To compare number of faxes received for missed doses to actual number of missed doses
- **Aim**: To ensure we have received a fax from pharmacy for 100% of client missed doses.



PDSA-level measures

- Outcome measures
 - What are you trying to achieve with your change idea?
- Process measures:
 - Are you doing the right things to get there?
- Balancing measures:
 - Are your changes causing problems to other parts of the system?



- "Why aren't we getting faxes for all the missed doses?"
- Change Idea: To compare number of faxes received for missed doses to actual number of missed doses
- **Aim**: To ensure we have received a fax from pharmacy for 100% of client missed doses.
- Measurement:
 - Outcome # fax received for most recent missed dose as a proportion of all clients with missed doses
 - Balancing time taken for staff to do this work
 - Process # of clients seen by triage nurse; # of clients with missed dose
- Prediction: There will not be a corresponding fax for all clients with missed doses, some pharmacies may not do this reliably



PDSA Cycle #3 - DO

- Carry out the planned test of change
- Record any adjustments, both intentional and unintentional, to the stated plan
- Record data outlined in the plan



PDSA Cycle #3 - STUDY

- Over the course of the week the triage nurse saw 15 clients who had missed doses
- Of clients with missed doses, 13 out of 15 had a corresponding fax for the most recent missed dose
- The 2 missing faxes were associated with the same pharmacy
- It took an extra 5 minutes total to check for corresponding faxes



PDSA Cycle #2 - ACT

- Identified two pharmacies where faxes where not reliably coming in, so decided to continue PDSA cycle #2 for two more weeks to see if more could be identified
- Start a new PDSA on trying to improve faxing from these pharmacies
 - Could test a change wherein the clinician calls the pharmacy to review that a
 fax was not sent, and asks how a system could be implemented such that
 that doesn't continue to happen





Questions?

CONTACT US: boostcollaborative@cfenet.ubc.ca

VISIT THE WEBSITE: http://www.stophivaids.ca/oud-collaborative

Storyboard Rounds

Please take the next 30 minutes to view the team Storyboards posted around the room

Lunch

Please return at 1:00PM

Breakout Sessions

Break

Please return at 2:15PM

Team Work

Offers and Requests

Closing Remarks

Rolando Barrios

Senior Medical Director, Vancouver Coastal Health Assistant Director, BC Centre for Excellence in HIV/AIDS



Key Dates

- December 20: Reports due
- January 18: Coaching Call 3 with Colleen Labelle
- January 25: Reports due
- February 15: Coaching Call 4
- March 15: Learning Session 2



Evaluation and Coaching

- Evaluation
- In-person coaching sign-up
- Website



A final ask....

One person from each team share on the *listerv* their next P-D-S-A cycle by **Tuesday, December 11**



THANK-YOU!

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Danielle Cousineau: <u>danielle.cousineau@shaw.ca</u>

