Assessment of Chronic Illness Care for the STOP HIV/AIDS Structured Learning Collaborative

The following survey has been adapted from the *Assessment of Chronic Illness Care Version 3.5* which was designed by the McColl Institute to help systems and provider practices move toward the "state-of-the-art" in managing chronic illnesses.

This adapted survey is intended to help your team to reflect on your current systems for managing HIV care and your improvement efforts from participation in the STOP HIV/AIDS Structured Learning Collaborative. The results can be used to help your team to identify priority areas for improvement.

Instructions for completing the survey

- 1. Answer each question from the perspective of a single physical site (e.g., a practice, clinic, hospital, health plan) that supports care for chronic illnesses (i.e., HIV care).
- 2. Answer each question regarding how your organization is doing with respect to HIV care.
- 3. For each row, circle the point value that best describes the level of care that currently exists at your site for HIV. The rows in this form present key aspects of chronic illness care. Each aspect is divided into levels showing various stages in improving chronic illness care. The stages are represented by points that range from 0 to 11. The higher point values indicate that the actions described in that box are more fully implemented.
- 4. Sum the points in each section (e.g., total part 1 score), calculate the average score (e.g., total part 1 score / # of questions), and enter these scores in the space provided at the end of each section. Then sum all of the section scores and complete the average score for the program as a whole by dividing this by

Assessment of Chronic Illness Care, Version 3.5 – adapted for the STOP HIV/AIDS Collaborative

Part 1: Organization of the Healthcare Delivery System. Chronic illness management programs can be more effective if the overall system (organization) in which care is provided is oriented and led in a manner that allows for a focus on chronic illness care.

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A			
Overall Organizational	does not	exist or there	e is a little	is reflec	ted in vision s	statements	is refle	cted by senior	leadership	is part	of the systen	n's long term	
Leadership in Chronic	interest.			and busir	ness plans, but	t no	and specific dedicated resources			planning strategy, receive			
Illness Care				resources are specifically			(dollars and personnel).			necessary resources, and specific			
Score				earmarke	d to execute	the work.				people are held accountable.			
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Organizational Goals	do not ex	ist or are limi	ited to one	exist bu	t are not activ	vely	are me	asurable and	reviewed.	are me	asurable, rev	viewed	
for Chronic Care	condition.			reviewed						routinely	, and are inc	orporated	
										into plan	s for improv	ement.	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Improvement Strategy	is ad hoc	is ad hoc and not organized or			ad hoc approa	aches for	utilizes	a proven imp	rovement	includes a proven improvement			
for Chronic Illness Care	supported consistently.						strategy for targeted problems.			strategy and uses it proactively in			
Score										meeting	organization	al goals.	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Incentives and	are not u	sed to influer	nce clinical	are used	d to influence	utilization	are use	d to support	patient care	are use	d to motivat	e and	
Regulations for Chronic	performan	ce goals.		and costs	of chronic illr	ness care.	goals.			empowe	r providers t	o support	
Illness Care										patient c	are goals.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Senior Leaders	discourag	e enrollment	of the	do not r	make improve	ements to	encour	age improven	nent efforts	visibly participate in			
	chronically	ill.		chronic il	lness care a p	riority.	in chronic care.			improvement efforts in chronic			
										care.			
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Benefits	discourag	ge patient sel	f-	neither	encourage no	or	encour	age patient se	elf-	are spe	cifically desi	gned to	
	manageme	nt or system	changes.	discourag	ge patient self	_	manager	nent or syster	n changes.	promote	better chroi	nic illness	
				managen	nent or systen	n changes.				care.			
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
										9	10	11	

Total Health Care Organization Score _____ Average Score (Health Care Org. Score / 6) _____

Part 2: Community Linkages. Linkages between the health delivery system (or provider practice) and community resources play important roles in the management of chronic illness.

Components	Level D			Level C	Level C			Level B			Level A		
Linking Patients to	is not do	one systemati	cally.	is limited to a list of identified			is accomplished through a			is acco	is accomplished through active		
Outside Resources				community resources in an			designated staff person or			coordination between the health			
				accessib	ole format.			responsible f	_	system, community service			
							1 -	and patients		agencies	s and patients		
							maximum	use of comn	nunity				
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	resources			9	10	11	
							6	7	8				
Partnerships with	do not e	exist.		are being considered but have			are form	ned to develo	р	are actively sought to develop			
Community				not yet been implemented.			supportiv	e programs a	nd policies.	formal s	upportive pro	grams and	
Organizations										policies	across the en	tire system.	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Regional Health Plans	do not d	coordinate ch	ronic illness	would consider some degree of			currentl	y coordinate	guidelines,	currently coordinate chronic			
	guideline	s, measures o	r care	coordination of guidelines,			measures	or care reso	urces in one	illness guidelines, measures and			
(if your team does not have	resources	at the practi	ce level.	measur	es or care resou	urces at the	or two ch	ronic illness a	areas.	resource	es at the pract	ice level for	
direct influence over Health		•		practice	level but have	not vet					ronic illnesses		
Authority plans, you may consider your role in					ented changes.	•							
advocacy and creating awareness for coordination)													
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Total Community Linkages Score _____ Average Score (Community Linkages Score / 3) _____

Part 3: Practice Level. Several components that manifest themselves at the level of the individual provider practice (e.g. individual clinic) have been shown to improve chronic illness care. These characteristics fall into general areas of self-management support, delivery system design issues that directly affect the practice, decision support, and clinical information systems.

Part 3a: Self-Management Support. Effective self-management support can help patients and families cope with the challenges of living with and treating chronic illness and reduce complications and symptoms.

Components	Level D	evel D			Level C					Level A		
Assessment and	are not	done.		are exp	ected.		are cor	npleted in a st	tandardized	are regul	arly assess	ed and
Documentation of Self-							manner.			recorded i	n standardi	zed form
Management Needs										linked to a	treatment	plan
and Activities										available to	o practice a	and patients.
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Self-Management	is limited	d to the distri	oution of	is avail	able by referra	al to self-	is provi	ded by traine	d clinical	is provid	ed by clinic	al educators
Support	informatio	on (pamphlets	s, booklets).	manager	ment classes o	r educators.	educator	s who are des	signated to	affiliated v	vith each p	ractice,
								nanagement s		trained in	patient em	powerment
							affiliated	with each pra	actice, and	and proble	em-solving	
							see patients on referral.			methodolo	ogies, and s	ee most
										patients w	ith chronic	illness.
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Addressing Concerns of	is not co	nsistently do	ne.	is prov	ided for specif	ic patients	is enco	uraged, and p	eer support,	is an inte	gral part of	f care and
Patients and Families				and fami	ilies through re	eferral.	groups, a	ınd mentoring	gprograms	includes sy	stematic a	ssessment
							are avail	able.		and routin	e involvem	ent in peer
										support, gi	roups or m	entoring
Score										programs.		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Effective Behavior	are not a	available.		are lim	ited to the dis	tribution of	are ava	ilable only by	referral to	are readi	ly available	and an
Change Interventions				pamphlets, booklets or other			specialized centers staffed by			integral pa	rt of routin	ie care.
and Peer Support				written information.			trained personnel.					
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Self-Management Score _____ Average Score (Self Management Score / 4) _____

Part 3b: Decision Support. Effective chronic illness management programs assure that providers have access to evidence-based information necessary to care for patients--decision support. This includes evidence-based practice guidelines or protocols, specialty consultation, provider education, and activating patients to make provider teams aware of effective therapies.

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A			
Evidence-Based	are not av	ailable.		are ava	ilable but are	not	are ava	ailable and sup	ported by	are available, supported by			
Guidelines				integrate	integrated into care delivery.			provider education.			provider education and integrate		
										into care	through rem	inders and	
										other pro	ven provide	behavior	
										change m	ethods.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Involvement of	is primaril	y through t	raditional	is achie	eved through s	pecialist	include	es specialist le	adership and	includes	s specialist le	adership and	
Specialists in	referral.			leadersh	ip to enhance	the capacity	designat	ed specialists	who provide	specialist	involvement	t in	
Improving Primary				of the ov	erall system to	o routinely	primary	care team tra	ining.	improving	g the care of	primary care	
Care				impleme	nt guidelines.		6	7	8	patients.			
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5				9	10	11	
Provider Education for	is provide	d sporadica	lly.	is prov	ided systemat	ically	is prov	ided using op	timal	includes	s training all	practice	
Chronic Illness Care				through	traditional me	thods.	methods	s (e.g. academ	ic detailing).	teams in	chronic illnes	ss care	
										methods	such as popu	ulation-based	
										managem	nent, and sel	f-	
Score										managem	nent support		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Informing Patients	is not don	e.		happer	ns on request o	or through	is done	e through spec	ific patient	includes	s specific ma	terials	
about Guidelines				system p	ublications.		educatio	on materials fo	or each	develope	d for patient	s which	
							guidelin	e.		describe t	their role in a	achieving	
										guideline	adherence.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Total Decision Support Score _____ Average Score (Decision Support Score / 4) _____

Part 3c: Delivery System Design. Evidence suggests that effective chronic illness management involves more than simply adding additional interventions to a current system focused on acute care. It may necessitate changes to the organization of practice that impact provision of care.

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A		
Practice Team	is not ad	dressed.		is addressed	d by assuring t	he	is assured b	y regular tean	n	is assured	l by teams wl	ho meet regularly
Functioning				availability of	individuals w	th	meetings to a	address guidel	ines,	and have clearly defined roles including		
				appropriate t	raining in key	elements	ts roles and accountability, ar			patient self	nt education,	
				of chronic illn	ess care.		problems in chronic illness care.			proactive follow-up, and resource		
										coordination and other skills in chronic		
										illness care	•	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Practice Team	is not red	ognized locally	or	is assumed	by the organiz	ation to	is assured b	y the appoint	ment	is guarant	teed by the a	ppointment of a
Leadership	by the syst	em.		reside in spec	ific organizati	onal roles.	of a team lea	der but the ro	le in	team leade	r who assure	s that roles and
							chronic illnes	s is not define	d.	responsibil	ities for chro	nic illness care are
										clearly defi	ned.	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Appointment System	can be u	sed to schedule		assures sch	eduled follow-	up with	are flexible	and can		includes o	organization (of care that
	acute care	visits, follow-u	р	chronically ill	patients.	accommodate innovations such			facilitates the patient seeing multiple			
	and prevei	ntive visits.					as customized visit length or			providers in a single visit.		
							group visits.					
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Follow-up	is schedu	led by patients		is scheduled	by the practi	ce in	is assured b	y the practice	team	is custom	ized to patie	nt needs, varies in
	or provide	rs in an ad hoc		accordance w	ith guidelines		by monitorin	g patient utiliz	ation.	intensity ar	nd methodolo	ogy (phone, in
	fashion.									person, em	ail) and assu	res guideline
										follow-up.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Planned Visits for	are not u	sed.		are occasion	nally used for		are an option	on for interest	ed	are used	for all patient	ts and include
Chronic Illness Care				complicated p	oatients.		patients.			regular ass	essment, pre	ventive
										interventio	ns and attent	tion to self-
										manageme	nt support.	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Continuity of Care	is not a p	riority.		depends on	written comn	between pr	imary care pro	oviders	is a high p	riority and a	Il chronic disease	
				between prin	nary care prov	and specialists and other relevant			interventio	ns include ac	tive coordination	
				specialists, case managers or disease p			providers is a priority but not			between primary care, specialists and		
				management companies.			implemented systematically.			other relevant groups.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Delivery System Design Score _____ Average Score (Delivery System Design Score / 6) _____

Part 3d: Clinical Information Systems. Timely, useful information about individual patients and populations of patients with chronic conditions is a critical feature of effective programs, especially those that employ population-based approaches.^{7,8}

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A		
Registry (list of patients with specific conditions)	is not ava	ilable.		includes name, diagnosis, contact information and date of last contact either on paper or in a				queries to sor ons by clinical		is tied to guidelines which provide prompts and reminders about needed services.		
conditionsy					r database.	Or iii u				about II	ccaca scrvicc	.5.
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Reminders to	are not a	vailable.		include	e general notif	ication of	include	s indications	of needed	includ	es specific info	ormation for
Providers				the exist	ence of a chroi	nic illness,	service for	or population	s of patients	the tean	n about guide	line
					not describe r at time of enco		through	periodic repo	rting.		nce at the time encounters.	e of individual
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Feedback	is not ava	ilable or is no	on-specific	is provi	ded at infrequ	ent		at frequent e			ely, specific to	
	to the team.			intervals and is delivered				to monitor p			and personall	-
				impersonally.				ecific to the t	eam's		pected opinio	
			_		_	_	populati	on.			team perform	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Information about	is not ava	ilable.			y be obtained	-		obtained upo	=	-		y to providers
Relevant Subgroups of				efforts o	r additional pro	ogramming.	but is no	t routinely av	ailable.	to help t	them deliver p	olanned care.
Patients Needing					4	-					10	11
Services Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patient Treatment		T		240 206	iouad through			/		250 00	tablished colla	ah arativa an
Plans	are not e	xpectea.			ieved through			ablished colla Ide self mana				
Plans				Standard	ized approach	•		ide sen mana Iinical goals.	gement as		sen managen management.	nent as well as
							well as c	iiiicai goais.			ind guides car	•
										point of		e at every
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Clinical Information System Score _____ Average Score (Clinical Information System Score / 5) _____

Integration of Chronic Care Model Components. Effective systems of care integrate and combine all elements of the Chronic Care Model; e.g., linking patients' self-management goals to information systems/registries.

Components	Little suppo	rt		Basic sup	port		Good supp	ort		Full sup	port	
Informing Patients about Guidelines	is not don	e.		happens on request or through system publications.			is done through specific patient education materials for each guideline.			includes specific materials developed for patients which describe their role in achieving guideline adherence.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Information	do not inc	do not include patient self-			results of pat	ient	include r	esults of pat	ient	include results of patient		
Systems/Registries	managemer	nt goals.		assessme	nts (e.g., fund	ctional	assessmer	its, as well as	s self-	assessm	ents, as well	as self-
		5 5			ing; readiness	s to engage	managem	ent goals tha	t are	manage	ment goals th	nat are
					anagement ac	tivities), but	developed	using input	from the	develop	ed using inpu	it from the
				no goals.			practice te	am/provide	r and	•	team and pa	-
							patient.				reminders to	-
											provider abou	•
_											odic re-evalu	ation of
Score			_		_	_				goals.		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Community Programs	do not nro	vide feedba	ack to the	nrovide	snoradic feed	dhack at	_	egular feedb			e regular fee	
Community Frograms	health care			provide sporadic feedback at joint meetings between the			health care system/clinic using				-	bout patients'
	patients' pr	•		1 -	ity and health		formal mechanisms (e.g., Internet			progress that requires input from		
	programs.				tients' progre	-		eport) about			that is then i	•
				programs	5.		progress.	. ,		modify p	programs to b	etter meet
										the need	ds of patients	i.
Score												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Organizational	does not i		pulation-	uses da	ta from inforr	mation	uses data	a from inforr	nation		stematic dat	-
Planning for Chronic	based appro	oach.		systems t	o plan care.		-	proactively	•			to proactively
Illness Care								n-based care,	_		oulation-base	
								pment of se				ment of self-
							_	ent program:		_	ment program	
							·	ps with com	munity		nity partnersh a built-in eval	• •
							resources.				a buiit-iii evai mine success	·
										to deter	iiiiie success	over time.

Adapted from the Assessment of Chronic Illness Care Version 3.5. Copyright 2000 MacColl Institute for Healthcare Innovation, Group Health Cooperative.

Components	Little suppor	t		Basic suppo	ort		Good supp	ort		Full suppo	ort	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Routine follow-up for appointments, patient assessments and goal planning	is not ensu	red.	2	is sporadica appointmen	lly done, usuall nts only.	y for	responsibil	by assigning ities to specific s case manager).		responsibi (e.g., nursuses the re prompts to	by assigning lities to speci e case manag egistry and ot o coordinate nd the entire	fic staff ger) who ther with
Guidelines for chronic illness care	are not sha	red with patie	nts.	express a sp	to patients who pecific interest nt of their cond	n self-	help them manageme modification	ded for all patier develop effectivent or behavior on programs, and en they should s	e self- I	team with self-mana modificati with the g	the patient t gement or be on program o uidelines that atient's goals to change.	o devise a havior consistent t takes into

Total Integration Score (SUM items):	Average Score (Integration Score/6) =
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Briefly describe the process you used to fill out the form (e.g., reached consensus in a face-to-face meeting; filled out by the team leader i consultation with other team members as needed; each team member filled out a separate form and the responses were averaged).							
Description:							
	Scoring Summary						
(bring forward sco	ring at end of each section to this page)						
Total Org. of Health Care System Score							
Total Community Linkages Score							
Total Self-Management Score							
Total Decision Support Score							
Total Delivery System Design Score							
Total Clinical Information System Score							
Total Integration Score							
Overall Total Program Score (Sum of all scores)							
Average Program Score (Total Program /7)							

What does it mean?

The ACIC is organized such that the highest "score" (an "11") on any individual item, subscale, or the overall score (an average of the six ACIC subscale scores) indicates optimal support for chronic illness. The lowest possible score on any given item or subscale is a "0", which corresponds to limited support for chronic illness care. The interpretation guidelines are as follows:

Between "0" and "2" = limited support for chronic illness care

Between "3" and "5" = basic support for chronic illness care

Between "6" and "8" = reasonably good support for chronic illness care

Between "9" and "11" = fully developed chronic illness care

It is fairly typical for teams to begin a collaborative with average scores below "5" on some (or all) areas the ACIC. After all, if everyone was providing optimal care for chronic illness, there would be no need for a chronic illness collaborative or other quality improvement programs. It is also common for teams to initially believe they are providing better care for chronic illness than they actually are. As you progress in the Collaborative, you will become more familiar with what an effective system of care involves. You may even notice your ACIC scores "declining" even though you have made improvements; this is most likely the result of your better understanding of what a good system of care looks like. Over time, as your understanding of good care increases and you continue to implement effective practice changes, you should see overall improvement on your ACIC scores.